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Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, DC 20554

RECEIVED

In the Matter of

APR -1 2002

Amendment of Section 73.202(b)

Table of Allotments

FM Broadcast Stations

(Rridgeton and Elmer. New Jersey)

(Rridgeton and Elmer. New Jersey)

To:

Chief, Audio Division

Media Bureau

COMMENTS AND AMENDED PROPOSAL

Cohanzick Broadcasting Corporation, ("Cohanzick") licensee of Station WSNJ-FM, Bridgeton, New Jersey, and New Jersey Radio Partners, L.L.C. ("New Jersey Radio"), assignee of WSNJ-FM (together, "Joint Parties"), by rheir respective counsel, submit these comments and an amended proposal io the above-captioned proceeding.' The Joint Parties request that the Commission amend the FM Table of Allotments to delete Channel 299B from Bridgeton, New Jersey, and allot Channel 300A to Pennsauken, New Jersey as that community's first local service

I. PRELIMINARY MATTERS

1. The NPRM was issued at the request of Cohanzick, which petitioned for a change in community of license for WSNJ-FM from Bridgeton *to* Elmer, New Jersey. Subsequently, New Jersey Radio and Cohanzick filed an application for assignment of license, which was pranted on February 14, 2002 (FCC File No, BAL-20020102AAN). After conducting its own independent analysis, New Jersey Radio believes that the public interest would be better served by changing the station's community of license **to** Pennsauken, New Jersey (pop. 35,737) than to Elmer, New Jersey (pop. 1,571), proposed by Cohanzick (all population figures 2000 U.S.

See Notice of Proposed Rule Making, DA 02-297 (rel. Feb. 8, 2002) ("NPRM"). No. of Copies rec'd O144
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Census). If this amended proposal is granted, New Jersey Radio or Cohanzick, as the licensee, will file an application to modify the license of WSNJ-FM to specify operation on Channel 300A at Pennsauken, New Jersey.

The Joint Parties are aware of the Commission's recent policy pronouncement in *Tuccoa. Sugar Hill*, and *Lawrenceville*, Georgia, MM Docket No. 98-162 (**DA** 01-2784, rel. Nov. 30. 2001). stating that a petitioner should not be permitted to amend its proposal without an adequate explanation. Here, circumstances have changed since Cohanzick filed its petition on September 24, 2001. On January 2, 2002, Cohanzick tiled the Form 314 application to assign WSNJ(AM) and WSNJ-FM to New Jersey Radio. The FCC granted the application on February 14. 2002. Consummation of this transaction is awaiting the outcome of **this** proceeding. This amended proposal reflects the desire of New Jersey Radio. the assignee, to serve Pennsauken, a large community having no local service.

II. COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMMISSION'S RULES

A. Technical Analysis

- As demonstrated in the Exhibit E, Figure 1, Channel 300A can be allotted to Pennsauken, New Jersey consistent with Section 73.207 of the Commission's Rules. A 70 dBu signal can be provided to Pennsauken from the proposed reference point. See Figure 2. The relocation will eliminate four current short spacings to Stations WGTY, Getrysburg, Pennsylvania; WBYX. Boyenown, Pennsylvania; WFSI. Annapolis, Maryland; and WPUR. Atlantic City, Xew Jersey. See Technical Narrative. In addition, the relocation will eliminate sizable overlap areas totaling 4,747 sq. km caused by these short spacings, and bring interference-free service to 2,142,046 persons residing within those areas. See Figure 5
- The relocation of **WSNJ-FM** to Pennsauken will result in a net increase in population of 1,283,520 persons able to receive a 60 dBu signal from the station, although there

will he a decrease in area served. **See** Figure 3. The loss area will continue to be well served by more than five aural services. **See** Figure 4

B. Change in Community of License

- 5. In Amendment of the Commission's Rules Regarding Modification of FM and TV Authorizations to Specify a New Community of License, 4 FCC Rcd 4870 (1989). recon. granted in part, 5 FCC Red 7094 (1990) ("Community of License"), the Commission stated that in order to grant a change in community of license: (1) the proposed use of the channel must be mutually exclusive with its current use; (2) the existing community of license must retain local service; and (3) the proposed arrangement of allotments must be preferred over the existing arrangement under the Commission's allotment priorities. The proposed change in community of license of WSNJ-FM from Bridgeton to Pennsauken satisfies these prerequisites. First, the proposed use of Channel 300A at Pennsauken is mutually exclusive with the current use of Channel 299B at Bridgeton. See Figure 1. Second, Bridgeton will not be deprived of local service since Stations WNJB-FM and WSNJ(AM) will remain licensed to Bridgeton. Third, the Pennsauken proposal is preferred under the Commission's priorities since Pennsauken (pop. 35,737) would receive a first local service (Priority 3), while retaining Channel 299B at Bridgeton would give that community a third local service (Priority 4). See Revision of FM Assignment Policies and Procedures, supra
- 6. Pennsauken is located within the Philadelphia Urbanized Area.' Therefore, this relocation implicates the Commission's policy concerning the potential migration of stations

The NPKM indicated that Cohanzick had failed to mention that from its current transmitter site. WSNJ-FM places a 70 dBu contour over 100 percent of the Vineland-Millville. New Jersey Urbanized Area and 1.2 percent of the Wilmington, Delaware Urbanized Area. However, even so, no Tuck showing wa required since no change in transmitter site was proposed. See Kankakee and Park Forest. Illinois. 16 FCC Rcd 6768, 6770 (2001) (no Tuck showing required to demonstrate independence of Park Forest from Kankakee even though station would place 70 dBu contour over 100% of Kankakee Urbanized Area). The relocation to Pennsauken proposed herein would climinate 70 dBu coverage to these Urbanized Areas.

from rural areas to urban areas. See Elizabeth City, North Carolina and Chesapeake, Virginia, 9 FCC Rcd 3586 (1994). As indicated in the NPRM. WSNJ-FM currently serves an Urbanized Area, and therefore the station is not moving from a rural area. Nevertheless. the Joint Parties are providing a showing that Pennsauken is an independent community deserving of a first local service preference.

7. In making the determination whether to award an urbanized community a first local service preference. the Commission will consider the extent the station will provide service to the entire Urbanized Area, the relative populations and proximity of the suburban and central city. and, most importantly, the independence of the suburban community. Faye and Richard Tuck, 3 FCC Rcd 5374 (1988). In this case, from the proposed transmitter site, WSNJ-FM will place a 70 dBu contour over less rhan 50 percent of the Philadelphia Urbanized Area. See Technical Narrative. Pennsauken is located 8.3 kilometers away from Philadelphia. The 2000 Census population of Pennsauken (35,737) is 2,4 percent of the population of Philadelphia (1,517,550). These figures are similar to those of other suburban communities granted a first local preference. See. e.g., Anniston, Alabama. et al., 16 FCC Rcd 3411. recon. denied, 2001 FCC Lexis 6055 (2001) and cases cited therein. In any event, the Commission has repeatedly stated that the factors of relative size and proximity are less important than evidence of independence. See Headland, Alabama and Chattahoochee. Florida. 10FCC Rcd 10352(1995). The following analysis of the eight *Tuck* factors demonstrates the independence of Pennsauken from Philadelphia.

(1) Extent to which the residents of Pennsauken, New Jersey, work in the Township & Pennsauken.

The population of Pennsauken was 34.733 in 1990 (1990 U.S. Census Bureau, Census 1990) and 35,717 in 2000 (U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000). According to the **U.S.**

Census Database for 1990 (the last year for which figures are available), 3,685 of the 16,584 workers (22.2%) work in their place of residence. A few of the major employers within the city are Aluminum Shapes. L.L.C., J & J Snacks Food Corp., and the Pennsauken School District. Aluminum Shapes. L.L.C. employs approximately 1000 people in the manufacturing, fabrication. painting and anodizing of common alloy aluminum extrusions. J&J Snacks Food Corp. employs over 300 people in the manufacture of a variety of snack products such as pretzels, frozen beverages, frozen deserts, pastries, funnel cakes and cookies with sales of \$262 million in 1998. According to Terry Carr of the Township of Pennsauken Economic Development Department, there are approximately 1,300 businesses in Pennsauken and six major industrial parks which employ residents of Pennsauken. In addition, the Township is in the process 01 developing its waterfront properties for residential and economic purposes. See Exhibit 1

(2) Newspapers and other media cover Pennsauken's needs and interests.

Residents are served by a local daily newspaper, the *Courier-Post*. It is the only local daily newspaper published in the south New Jersey region. It is published in the neighboring community of Cherry Hill, but is widely-circulated in and delivered and sold to the residents of Pennsauken. Periodically, on the front page of an edition is a column titled "Pennsauken Community Notebook," that contains local news articles on topics such as local politics, local high school sports and local construction projects. *See* Exhibit 1.

All Around Pennsauken is a monthly community newspaper published by the Business Industry and Government Council in Pennsauken which is composed of local Township officials and business community. The newspaper contains local news articles on topics such as high school sports, local politics, weddings, local events and local township projects. Local

5

businesses and the Township Government subsidize the cost of publishing the newspaper. See Exhibit 1.

The Township of Pennsauken maintains its own webpage at www.twp.pennsauken.nj.us. By accessing this webpage, residents can become aware of a wide variety of facts and events concerning Pennsauken, including information regarding township officials, public services, public meetings, township development, township job opportunities and community events. Sample pages are attached in Exhibit 1.

Pennsauken has an alternative website, <www.pennsaukennj.com>. By accessing this webpage, township residents can obtain additional information about weekly and community events, township public schools and government, federal, state and local representatives. organizations and associations, local churches and local museums. Sample pages are attached in Exhibit 1

(3) Community leaders and residents perceive Pennsauken as being separate from Philadelphia.

The Township of Pennsauken has its own unique identity and history that are separate from that of Philadelphia. Pennsauken is located along the Pennsauken Creek, an estuary of the Delaware River. Pennsauken is an urban, middle class community. It is 10.5 square miles in area and is home to persons of a broad range of ethnic backgrounds. The community has a long history dating back to the 17th century. In 1633, English settlers landed near what is present-day Pennsauken. In 1684, the native Indian population gave up their claims to the land around Pennsauken Creck. Pennsauken emerged from a group of settlements that developed their own identities that were ultimately subdivided through the land grant process. Pennsauken Village was founded in 1880 as a residential community. The Township of Pennsauken was incorporated in 1892. See Exhibit 1.

(4) Pennsauken has its own local government and elected officials.

Pennsauken's township government functions independently of any other governmental units. The Township Committee has five-members who each serve three-year terms. The Committee selects a Mayor and a Deputy Mayor from the members of the Committee, who serve a one-year term. Pennsauken has a municipal solicitor, city clerk, tax assessor, tax collector, animal warden. fire prevention chief, police chief, librarian, public safety director, economic development director, senior citizens coordinator, electrical and plumbing inspector, recreation director and public works director. There are approximately 450 local government employees, including employees of the following departments: Fire Department, Police Department, Mayor's Office, Pennsauken Sewage Authority, Treasurer's Office, Purchasing Department, Parks and Recreation, Planning and Zoning, Highway/Public Works Department, Collector's Office, Assessor's Office, Clerk's Office, Economic Development and Code Enforcement. The Township of Pennsauken had a total budget of \$26,392,249 for fiscal year 2000. See Exhibit 1

In addition, the Merchantville-Pennsauken Water Commission was founded to supply the water needs for both the Borough of Merchantville and the Township of Pennsauken. Five commissioners serve on the board, of which three come from Pennsauken. See Exhibit 1.

(5) The Township of Pennsauken has its ownzip codes and separate governmental listings in the local telephone book.

The zip codes designated exclusively for the Township of Pennsauken are 08108 and 08110. See Exhibit 1. The U.S. Postal Service operates a Post Office at 4724 Westfield Avenue in Prnnsauken to serve the Township. See Exhibit 1. Residential and business lists for the Township of Pennsauken are found in the Camden County telephone book published by Verizon, which contains a separate section for Pennsauken township government telephone listings. See Exhibit 1

(6) The Township of Pennsauken has its own commercial establishments and health facilities.

As previously noted, there are approximately 1,300 businesses in Pennsauken. A substantial number of these businesses identify with the community by using "Pennsauken" in their name, for example: Pennsauken Texaco, Pennsauken Exxon, United Artists Pennsauken II Movie Theaters and Sovcreign Bank of Pennsauken. Pennsauken retail businesses include a wide variety of companies. **See** Exhibit I

A number of health care providers are located in the Township of Pennsauken. See Exhibit 1. Medical services are available for community residents from many local doctors, sonic of whom practice with the following groups: Pennsauken Family Practice, Pennsauken Medical Center, Pennsauken Adult Training Center. Family Care Associates, Partners in Primary Care and Lickfield Family Medicine. Veterinary services may be obtained from Pennsauken Animal Hospital and Westfield Animal Hospital.

Pennsauken is also home to a number of religious organizations, such as **East** Pennsauken United Methodist Church. St. Cecilia Roman Catholic Church, Calvary Community Baptist Church, Bethel United Methodist Church and many others. **See** Exhibit 1. There **are** many civic and charitable organizations in Pennsauken. including Pennsauken Lions Club. American Legion Post 125. Pennsauken Historical Society, AMVets Post 101, Pennsauken Business Industry and Government Council. and The Mozart & Friends Opera Festival.

Community activities and events that occur in the Township of Pennsauken include Adopt-a-Road. Flower Sign, Holiday Food Drive, Pennsauken Christmas Parade, Pennsauken Annual Picnic. Senior Citizens Night, Hispanic Festival, **4th** of July Fireworks, free concerts and theater. Newtown Colony Arts and Music Festival and numerous races. These

events are held at the Pennsauken High School Stadium, **Cooper** River Park and the South Jersey Expo Center. See Exhibit I

(7) Pennsauken is a separate and distinct advertising market from Philadelphia.

According to the Econnmic Development Department, businesses in Pennsauken advertise in the *Courier-Post* and *AN Around Pennsauken*, which enable them to reach the residents of Pennsauken and do not need to rely on Philadelphia media sources. According to *a Courier-Post* staffperson, Pennsauken businesses advertise predominantly with the newspaper. Residents may also access the Township's webpage to learn about community events and news. 'Thus, the residents of Pennsauken do not need to turn to Philadelphia media sources in order to find out what is happening in their community. **See** Exhibit 1.

(8) The Township of Pennsauken has its own library and its police and fire protection are provided independent of any other jurisdiction.

The Township of Pennsauken operates the Pennsauken Free Library that serves the local population. The Pennsauken Free Library is open seven days a week. The Township's own school district, Pennsauken School District, consists of 6000 students from pre-K through 1? and twelve schools. Each school has its own website. The Pennsauken School District is governed by the Pennsauken Board of Education that consists of a President, Vice President and seven members. There are also numerous private and parochial schools in Pennsauken. See Exhibit 1.

Pennsauken maintains its own police and fire departments. The fire department is composed of a tire chief, ten paid fireman, and four fire inspectors. The majority of the department is staffed by volunteer firemen. Pennsauken has six tire stations located throughout the township. The department provides fire, search and rescue, HAZMAT and extrication

services. The police department is composed of ninety-two officers and a police chief with a single main station location. The Township is currently constructing a substation.

According to Elwood Martz, the head **of** the Township of Pennsauken Parks & Recreation Department, Pennsauken has a full range of parks and recreation services. Many sports programs are offered through the Parks & Recreation Department, such as tennis, soccer, softball, baseball and basketball. In addition, the city operates the Pennsauken Municipal Swimming Pool. The Township of Pennsauken owns the Pennsauken Country **Club**, which is operated autonomously with the Township's oversight. Comcast operates the Flyer Skate Zone, a hockey rink used by the residents of Pennsauken.

III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

Grant of this amended proposal is in the public interest because Pennsauken will receive a first local service, an additional 1,283,520 people will receive radio service, and four preexisting short spacings will be eliminated. No other radio stations are affected, and the transmitter site relocation can be implemented rapidly. Accordingly, the Commission should grant this proposal.

Respectfully submitted,

COHANZICK BROADCASTUVG CORPORATION

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its counsel

April I, 2002

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Its counsel



ENGINEERING STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF COMMENTS AND AMENDED PROPOSAL

MM DOCKET 02-26, RM-10362

Cohanzick Broadcasting Corporation New Jersey Radio Partners, L.L.C.

Prepared by:

Reynolds Technical Associates 12585 Old Highway 280 East, Suite 102 Chelsea, Alabama 35043 (205) 618-2020

April. 2002

Engineering Statement

In Support of

Comments and Amended Proposal MM Docket 02-26 (RM-10362)
Cohanzick Broadcasting Corpuration New Jersey Radio Partners, L.L.C.

General

The instant comments and amended proposal was prepared Cohanzick Broadcasting Corporation ("Cohanzick"), licensee of WSNJ, channel 299B, Bridgeton, New Jersey; and New Jersey Radio Partners, L.L.C., assignee of WSNJ. (These groups are herein referred to as "Joint Parties."). The Joint Parties propose to delete channel 2998 at Bridgeton, New Jersey, so that channel 300A can be allotted to Pennsauken, New Jersey that community's first local service. They propose that the license of WSNJ be modified accordingly. Bridgeton, New Jersey will continue to receive service from WSNJ-AM, 1240 kHz and WNJB. channel 207A (89.3 MHz). No other spectrum changes are required for the allotment of channel 300A at Pennsauken.

Methods

The Joint Parties' comments and amended **proposal** is presented in sections, in which each channel or licensed facility where *a* change is proposed is discussed individually.

All sections begin with an allocation or channel spacing study. Additional exhibits rhen support the proposed modification's technical compliance.

The studies were based on the latest technical data from the Commission's databases. Mapping, population counts, and gain/loss areas were conducted using a professional mapping program from MapInfo Corporation, Version 5.5. The program contains the

exact community boundaries of the relevant cities. The boundaries of Pennsauken, NJ were cross-checked with the U S. Census Bureau's TIGER maps.

Nature of The Joint Parties Amended Proposal

The Joint Parties propose to delete channel 299B at Bridgeton, NJ and substitute channel 300A at Pennsauken, New Jersey for use by WSNJ. In order to accomplish this, various channels and licensed facilities need to he modified in order to create compliance with §73.207. The amended proposal provides for first local service at Pennsauken, New Jersey and retaining local service at Bridgeton with WSNJ-AM and WNJB(FM). It results in a decrease in the area served, yet it also results in a considerable increase in population served.

EXHIBITS EXPLAINED

WSNJ

WSNJ currently has existing short spacing to four other stations: WGTY, channel 299B in Gettysburg, PA; WBYN, channel 298B, Boyertown, Pennsylvania; WFSI, channel 300B, Annapolis. MD; and WPUR, channel 29781, Atlantic City, New Jersey. Exhibit E, Figure 1 shows the current WSNJ facility and these short spacings. The instant comments and amended proposal eliminates the short spacings to all of these facilities. Exhibit E, Figure IA is an allocation study depicting the spacing to all known FM facilities that are affected by the allotment of channel 300A at Pennsauken. The study shows the elimination of the short spacing to the four stations mentioned earlier (WGTY, WBYN. WFSI, and WPUR). Exhibit E, Figure 2 is a map generated using the programs and techniques in the Methods section of the instant amended proposal. This study depicts the WSNJ channel 300A allotment coordinates, a class A 70 dBu contour, and the

community boundaries of Pennsauken. It demonstrates full compliance with §73.315 of the Rules. (The 70 dBu contour shown on this map covers approximately 45.5% of the Philadelphia urbanized area.) Exhibit E, Figure 3 is a map demonstrating the gain and loss area of the proposed 60 dBu contour for channel 300A at Pennsauken and the licensed 54 dBu of WSNJ. Exhibit E, Figure 4 is remaining services study demonstrating that all points inside the loss area will continue to receive at least 5 aural services. Exhibit E Figure 5 shows the considerable interference (both in area and population) that the instant proposal will eliminate. The existing WSNI facility overlaps 4,747 km² and 2,142,046 persons. The instant comments and amended proposal eliminates all of this undesirable interference.

The Joint Parties Amended Proposal Gain-Loss Area

Exhibit E, Figure 3 shows the station's **loss** and gain area in square kilometers and the population gains and losses in number of persons according to the U.S. Census Bureau's 2000 population figures. It depicts a cumulative total **loss** area of 7,013 square kilometers and a gain area of 1,866 square kilometers. The Joint Parties amended proposal has a net area loss of 5,147 square kilometers.

The population loss has a cumulative loss of 1,260,208 persons, while the population gain is 2,543,728 persons, Therefore, the net population gain of the Joint Parties amended proposal is 1,283,520 persons.

Conclusion

The Joint Parties' amended proposal has demonstrated that it is in technical compliance with the present Commission Rules concerning such actions. The counterproposal

produces a new first local service at Pennsauken, New Jersey. The counterproposal creates a net increase in new 60-dBu service to 1,283,520 persons.

Statement of the Consultants

The instant engineering portion of this amended proposal was prepared for the Joint Parties and supports comments and an amended proposal to MM Docket 02-26, RM-10362. It was developed by Reynolds Technical Associates (RTA) and may not be used for purposes other than submission to the Commission by the Joint Parties.

It may not be reproduced in its entirety, or in part, by anyone (other than from the Commission) without the written consent of **RTA**.

The information in this application is compiled from the most recent Commission and outside data. RTA is not responsible for errors resulting from incorrect data or unpublished rule and procedure changes.

For Reynolds Technical Associates:

April 1st, 2002

12585 Old Highway **280** East. Suite 102 Chelsea, Alabama 35043 (205) 618-2020



Engineering Statement In Support of Comments and Amended Proposal

WSNJ-FM, Channel 300A, Pennsauken, New Jersey

WSNJ-FM Current Facility Channel Spacing Study (Demonstrating the Existing Short Spacings to WGTY, WBYN, WFSI, and WPUR)

WSNJ Licensed Coordinates:

North Latitude: 39-27-32 West Longitude: 75-12-12

REFERENCE 39 27 32 N 75 12 12 W		CLASS = B current Spacings Channel 299 - 107.7 MHz				DATA SEARCH	Y DATES 03-23-02 03-26-02
	Channel	Location		Dist	Azi	FCC	Margin
WSNJPM		Bridgeton					
RADD	ADD 2998	Elmer	NJ	0.00	0.0	241.0	-241.00
WSNJPH	CP 299B	Bridgeton	NJ	0.00	0.0	241.0	-241.00
RDEL	DEL 2998	Bridgeton	NJ	0.00	0.0	241.0	-241.00
Of	no concerr	1:					
Di.	fferent for	rms of the WSNJ lice	ensed f	acility			
WGTY	LIC 299B	Gettyeburg	PA	156.19	287.0	241.0	-84.81
WBYN	LIC 298B	Boyertown	PA	111.76			
		Annapolis			248.1		
WPUR		Atlantic City		68.50			
Of	note:	•					
Fa	cilities th	at WSNJ currently s	shorr s	paces.			
		led prcposal elimin					
	ort spacing						
	LIC 2998	Warrenton	VA				
WKHI.C		Fruitland	MD	145.94			
ALLO	RSV 29881	Fruitland	MD	147.06			
	LTC 2983	New York	NY				
	LГС 296А	Federalsburg		90.00		69.0	
WKHI	LIC 298B	Exmore		199.83			
WFPCFM	LIC 245B	Atlantic City	ΝJ		97.6		

Exhibit E, Figure I

Engineering Statement In Support of Comments and Amended Proposal

WSNJ-FM. Channel 300A, Pennsauken, New Jersey

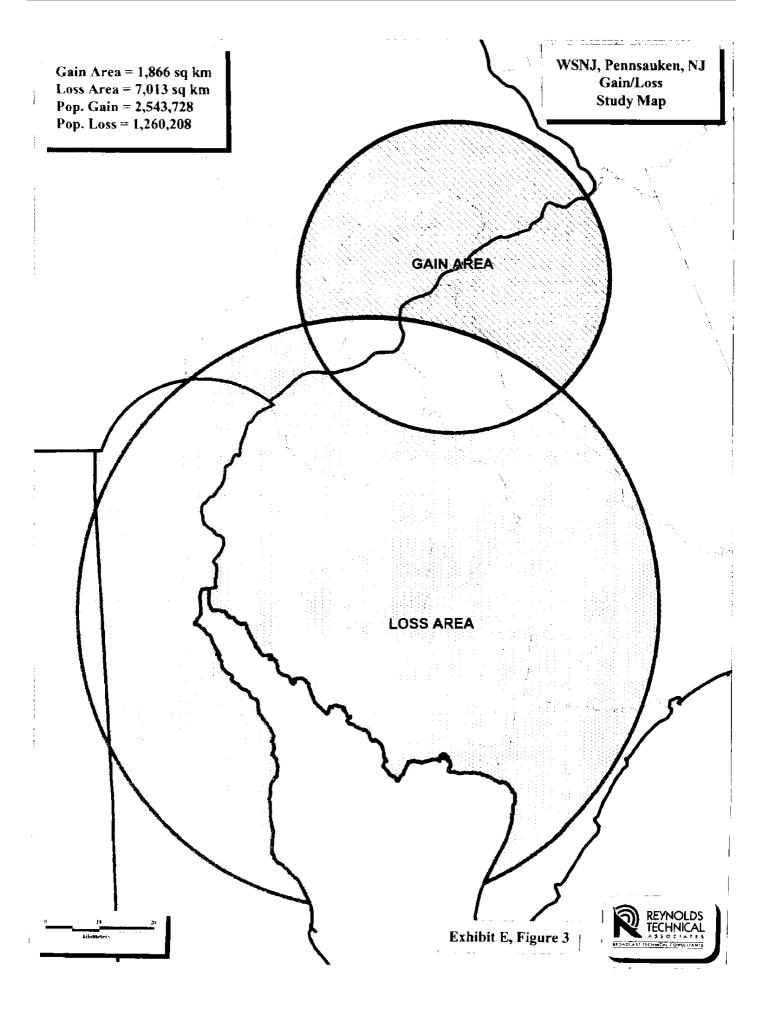
WSNJ-FM Proposed Channel 300A Allocation Study (Demonstrating the Elimination of Short Spacings to WGTY. WBYN, WFSI, and WPUR)

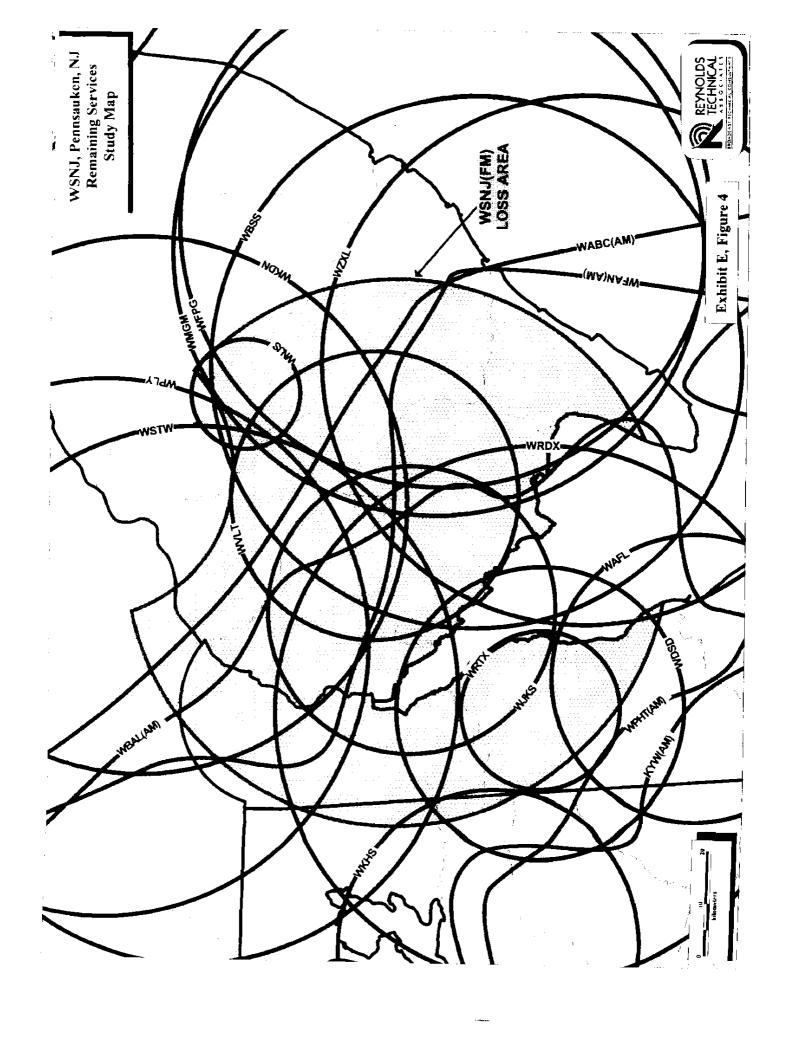
Channel 300A Coordinates:

North Latitude: 40-00-12 West Longitude: 75-01-19

REFERENCE 40 00 12 N 75 ()1 19 W		CLASS = A Current Spacings Channel 300 - 107.9 MHz					
		Location					
	ference Coc North I	Pennsauken ordinates: Latitude: 39-57-49 ongitude: 75-03 -22)	5.29	213.4		
RDEL RADD WSNJFM Of	ADD 2998 CP 2998 no concern	8ridgeton	NJ NJ NJ		194.4 194.4	113.0 113.0	-50.58 -50.58
	LIC 298B LIC 3008 LIC 300A LIC 3008 LIC 29781 LIC 298B LIC 2998	Boyertown Annapolis Tobyhanna Westport Atlantic City New York Gettysburg	PA MD PA CT NU NY PA	179.69 119.37 202.47 88.14	231.9 345.6 49.5 143.9 46.3	115.0 178.0 48.0 69.0	1.69 4.37 24.47 40.14

^{*} Stations to which WSNJ is currently short spaced. The amended **proposal** eliminates these short spacings.





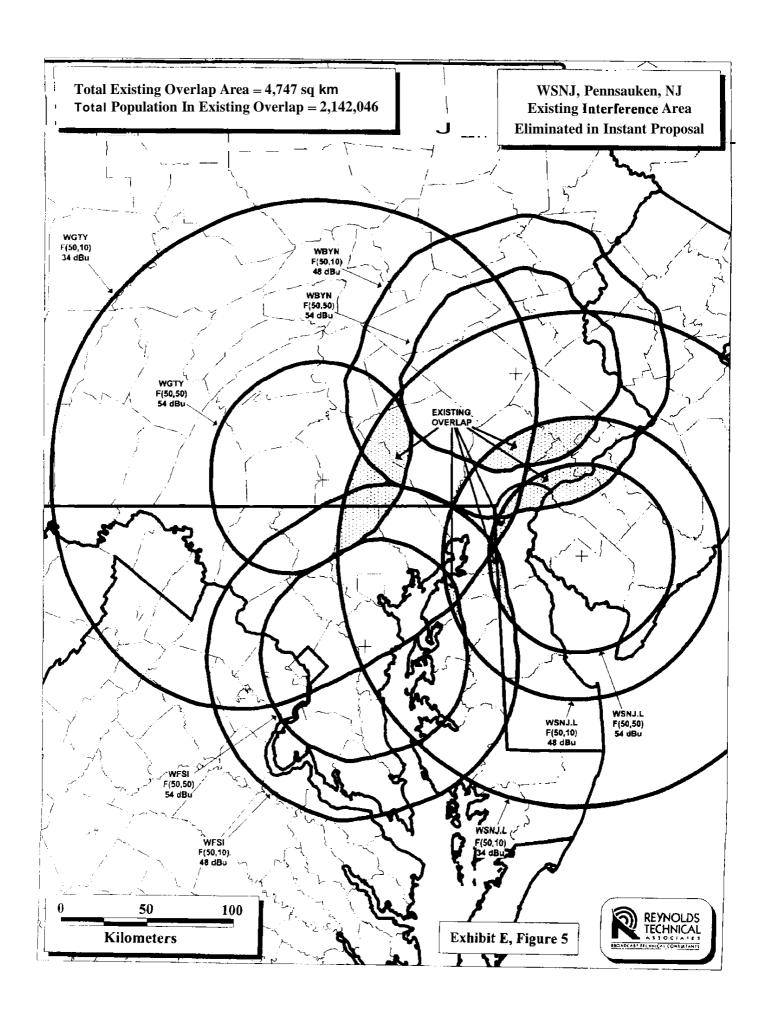


EXHIBIT 1

American FactFinder Page 1 of I

U.S. Census Bureau

American FactFinder

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Quick Tables

QT-P3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000

Data Set: Census 2000 Summary File 1 (SF 1) 100-Percent Data Geographic Area: Pennsauken township, Camden County, New Jersey

NOTE For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see http://factfinder.census.gov/home/en/datanotes/expsf1u.htm

ubject	Numbe	Percen
RACE	1 1	
Total population	35,737	100.0
One race	34,841	97.5
White	21,479	60.1
Black or African American	8,641	24.2
American Indian and Alaska Native	124	0.3
American Indian	64	0.2
Alaska Nalive	0	0.0
Both American Indian and Alaska Native	.] 9	0.0
American Indian or Alaska Native, not specified	60	0.2
Asian	1,636	4.6
Asian Indian	99	0.3
Chinese	222 212	0.6
Filipino		0.6
lananca	141	n.0
Korean	76	0.2
Vietnamese	825	2.3
Other Asian category	157	0.4
Two or more Asian categories	31	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	7	0.0
Native Hawaiian	1	0.0
Samoan	1 9	0.0
Guamanian or Chamorro	1	0.0
Other Pacific Islander category	. 5	0.0
Two or more Native Hawalian or Other Pacific Islander categories	O O	0.0
Some other race	2,954	8.3
Two or more races	896	2.5
Two races including Some other race	438	1.2
Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	458	1.3
Two races excluding Some other race	389	1.1
Three or more races	69	0.2
HISPANIC OR LATINO		
Total population	35,737	100.0
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	5,126	14.3
Mexican	218	0.6
Puerto Rican	3,529	10.2
Cuban	32	0.1
Other Hispanic or Latino	1,247	3.5
Not Hispanic or Latino	30,611	85.7
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO		
Total population	35,737	100.0
One race	34,841	97.5
Hispanic or Latino	4,810	13.5
Not Hispanic or Latino	30,031	84.0
Two or more races	896	2.5
Hispanic or Latino	316	0.9
Not Hispanic or Latino	580	1.6
(X) Not applicable	300	1.0

Source. U.S. Census Bureau. Census 2000 Summary File 1, Matrices P3, P4, PCT4, PCT5, PCT8, and PCT11

U.S. Census Bureau

American FectFinder

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Detailed Tables

P046_PLACE C F WORK---PLACE LEVEL - Universe: Workers 16 years and over Data Set: 1990 Summary Tape File 3 (STF 3) - Sample data

NOTE: For information on confidentiality, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see http://factfinder.census.gov/home/en/datanoles/expstf390.htm.

	Pennsauken CDP, New Jersey
I wang in a place.	
Worked in place of residence	3,685
Worked outside place of residence	12,899
Not living in a place	0

U.S. Bureau of the Census 1990 Census of Population and Housing

Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset: Variance Document for STF 3